

H. R. Hagemann
P.O. Box 13041
Austin, Texas 78711

January 23, 1988

Jim Vynalek
HC 67 Box 8 C
Pleasanton, Tx 78064

Dear Jim:

Did we stock any fish on the lease. I am one of the hold outs since we didn't know if we were going to stock. I am sending Clem the lease money anyway.

I had lunch with Bill Cobb on Friday, January 22nd. We originally were going to meet with Nick Carter at the Parks and Wildlife Dept. but we didn't get an appointment so we just had lunch and talked about fishing trips. I gave Bill copies of the studies that Mike Ryan gave me.

Enclosed are copies of the studies I received. There was some interest expressed by the board members in getting a copy of the study. You may want to send copies to them. The copies enclosed are not all that great either. When you make copies of copies they just don't look like the master.

I would like to get an opportunity to be on the board of the Texas Chapter of Trout Unlimited. I don't know if anyone would nominate me or if I would be elected but I would like to give it a try.

Good fishing and good luck.

Sincerely Yours,



Howard R. Hagemann

FIGURE 2

FISH CENSUS... PARKS AND WILDLIFE DEPARTMENT																						
LAKE _____			DATE _____ 19____																			
NAME (OPTIONAL) _____			HOURS FISHED: MORNING _____ AFTERNOON _____																			
CITY _____ STATE _____			TOTAL HOURS FISHED _____																			
SPECIES CAUGHT	TOTAL	MARK	BELOW LIST NUMBER FISHED CAUGHT UNDER THEIR NEAREST SIZE																			
			6"	7"	8"	9"	10"	11"	12"	13"	14"	15"	16"	17"	18"	19"	20"	21"	22"	23"	24"	" "
			MARKED TROUT																			
			UNMARKED TROUT																			
			TABBED TROUT																			
			BUNKIEH																			
			BAYFISH																			
OTHERS																						
TOTAL																						
REMARKS																						
KIND OF FISHING (CHECK ONE)			NUMBER OF FISH CAUGHT WITH:																			
BOAT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SHORE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PIER <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	TROLLING <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PLUGS	MINNOWS	CUTBAIT																
STILL FISHING <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CASTING <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FLY FISHING <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPINNERS	CRAYFISH	OTHERS?																	
WADE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			ART. FLIES	WORMS																		

FIGURE 2a

NAME _____
ADDRESS _____
NO. TROUT CAUGHT _____ NO. MARKED TROUT _____
NO. HOURS FISHED _____
REMARKS: ----- ----- -----

FIGURE 3

ECONOMIC INFORMATION FORM FILLED OUT BY CREEL CLERK
ON EVERY TENTH FISHERMAN

Economic Information

State _____ City _____

Main reason for trip _____

Boat: Type _____ Length _____ Motor (hp) _____

Rental fees: Boat \$ _____ Motor \$ _____ Launching \$ _____

License: Yes _____ No _____

Gas and oil purchased for boat: Gallons _____ Cost \$ _____

Meals purchased today: Number _____ Cost \$ _____

Light refreshments purchased for today: Cost \$ _____

Ice for today's trip: Pounds _____ Cost \$ _____

Lodgingplace last night _____ Cost \$ _____

Bait and tackle purchased for today's trip:

Natural bait \$ _____ Artificial lures \$ _____ Hooks \$ _____

Sinkers \$ _____ Line \$ _____ Floats \$ _____

Swivels \$ _____ Dip net \$ _____ Stringer \$ _____

Other \$ _____

Miles traveled today _____

Mileage cost (calculated) _____

License cost \$ _____

Total trip expenditure \$ _____

Remarks: _____

Q = hours use derived from fishermen
not returning post cards

The total harvest estimate was obtained by the regression method described by Leslie and Davis (1939) which is based on the principle that population size can be estimated from the day to day decline in catch per unit of effort as the population size decreases. In the application of this method, daily catch per man hour (Y axis) has been plotted against cumulative catch (X axis) of marked fish.

The projected catch of trout on weekends was calculated to be 2,330. Data and compilations for this projection are given in Tables 1, 1a, and Graph 1.

The projected catch of trout on weekdays was calculated to be 1,219. Data and compilations for this projection are given in Tables 2, 2a, and Graph 2.

The sum of these 2 projections, 3,549 fish, reveals an angler harvest of 59 per cent of the 6,000 fish stocked in March 1967. These trout contributed to the fishery approximately 7 months, with some limited catches being recorded as late as September 1967. The decrease in fishing pressure was directly proportional to the increase in days following the stocking. Fly fishermen had fairly uniform success throughout the 7-month period.

The average catch per man hour for the census period was determined by using data from fishermen who had returned the post card. The average catch per man hour for weekends and weekdays was 0.52 and 1.03 respectively. The catch per man hour, similar to the fishing pressure, decreased steadily over the next 5 months.

During the census period, weekend fishermen spent an average of 4.00 hours per trip and harvested 2.12 fish, while the weekday angler averaged 4.22 trout and 4.10 hours per trip. It should be noted that the weekday census covered the 2 weeks immediately following the drop, and harvest was at its maximum. These figures were also obtained from fishermen for whom both the creel card and post card were available.

The data used in the total harvest estimates were that collected through May 1967, but the census was continued into August 1967. In the regression method employed, it is necessary to use the data which decreases in a rather uniform manner, and for this reason, the data collected from March through May was used.

During the period from March through September 1967 there were approximately 1,600 fishermen censused with an economic sheet filled out on every tenth one. The fishermen spent an average of \$3.94 per fishing trip. This figure did not include the cost of gasoline used in making the trip, but rather represents only what the angler spent in the immediate area for bait, tackle, food, ice, etc. Since the census was run on an every other weekend basis, it would be valid to assume that the total number of anglers would approximate 2,500 over this period. This represents an economic boost to the area of approximately \$10,000 by the trout program.

Table 1

Weekend Trout Creel Census Summary

Seen on census

Expanded from use counts

Date	Hours Fished	Catch	Total Trout	Catch Per Angler	Per Hour	Use Hours	Total Angler Hours	Total Catch	Mean Daily Catch	Cumulative Catch
March 11	428	450		1.05		177	605	635	318	
March 12	342	257		0.69		176	518	557	813	
March 18	387	229		0.59		159	546	322	1,152	
March 19	342	195		0.57		148	491	280	1,454	
April 1	242	97		0.40		89	331	13%	1,660	
April 2	260	61		0.23		92	352	89	1,770	
April 15	115	46		0.40		39	145	53	1,844	
April 16	108	45		0.14		23	131	18	1,882	
April 23	425	34		0.27		195	230	62	1,922	
April 30	109	17		0.16		75	184	29	1,967	
May 13	139	14		0.10		46	185	18	1,991	
May 14	38	3		0.08		37	75	6	2,003	
Totals	2,635						3,793	2,036		

Table 1a

Mean Daily Cumulative Catch	X^2	Catch Per Hour = Y	XY
318	101,124	1.05	333.90
813	660,969	0.69	560.97
1,153	1,329,409	0.59	680.27
1,454	2,114,116	0.57	828.78
1,660	2,755,600	0.40	664.00
1,770	3,132,900	0.23	407.10
1,844	3,400,366	0.40	737.60
1,882	3,541,924	0.14	263.48
1,922	3,694,084	0.27	518.94
1,967	3,869,089	0.16	314.72
1,991	3,964,081	0.10	199.10
2,003	4,012,009	0.08	160.24

$$\Sigma X = 18,777 \quad \Sigma X^2 = 32,575,641 \quad \Sigma Y = 4.68 \quad \Sigma XY = 5,669.10$$

$$(\Sigma X)^2 = (18,777)^2 = 352,575,729 \quad N = 12$$

$$(\Sigma X)(\Sigma Y) = (18,777)(4.68) = 87,876.36$$

$$\text{Slope of line} = b = \frac{(\Sigma X)(\Sigma Y)}{\Sigma XY - N}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \Sigma X^2 - \frac{(\Sigma X)^2}{N} \\ &= \frac{87,876.36}{352,575,729} \\ &= \frac{5,669.10}{35,575,641} - \frac{12}{352,575,729} \\ &= \frac{-1,653.93}{3,194,331} \\ &= -0.000517770 \end{aligned}$$

In the formula $Y = a + bX$, we now have b and can find a by substituting the average values for X and Y in the formula:

$$\bar{X} = \frac{X}{N} = \frac{18,777}{12} = 1,564.65 \quad \bar{Y} = \frac{Y}{N} = \frac{4.68}{12} = 0.39$$

Table 1a (continued)

$$\bar{Y} = a + bX \text{ or } 0.39 = a + (-0.000517770) (1,576.65) \\ \text{or } 0.39 = a + (-0.8163420705) \\ \text{or } a = 1.206342$$

The equation of the line is : $Y = 1.3622167290 + (-0.000517770) (X)$.
If we set Y (catch per hour) = 0 (which it theoretically will become only when no more fish are to be caught), then:

$$0 = 1,3622167290 + (-0.000517770) (X) \text{ then,}$$

$$X = \frac{1.206342}{0.000517770} = 2,330$$

Or $X = 2,330$ = estimated eventual return of marked fish on weekends.

Graph 1. Regression Line of catch per hour plotted against cumulative catch.

-11-
Graph 1. Weekend Projected Catch.

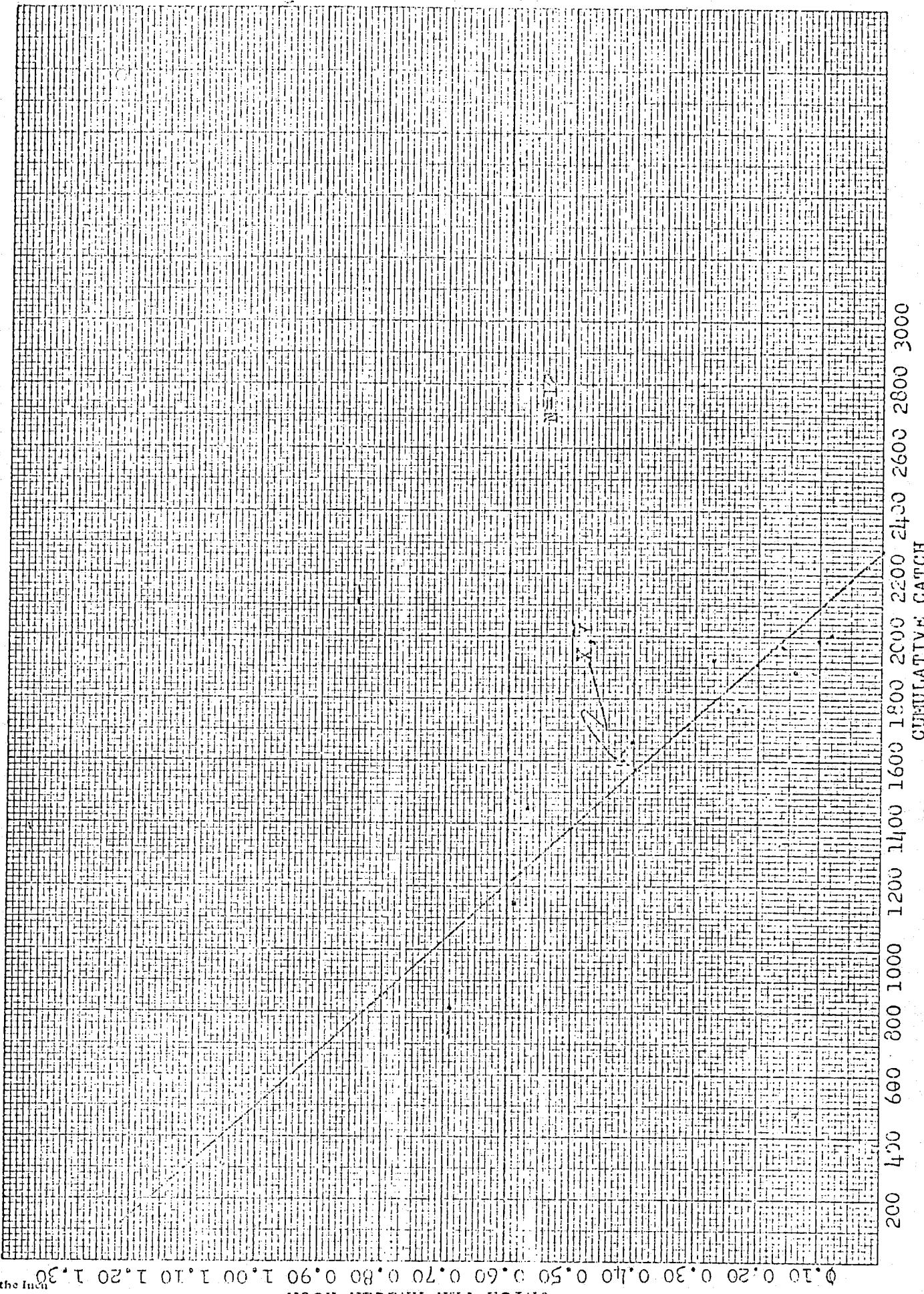


Table 2

Weekday Trout Creel Census Summary

Seen on Census

Date	Hours Fished	Total Trout	Catch Per Angler Hour	Catch			Use Hours	Total Angler Hours	Mean Daily Catch	Total Daily Catch	Mean Daily Cumulative Catch
				Total	Catch	Per Angler					
March 6	50	109	2.18		27		77		168		84
March 7	80	72	0.90		95		175		140		238
March 8	51	32	0.63		10		61		38		327
March 9	27	50	1.85		16		43		80		386
March 10	133	129	0.97		84		217		210		531
March 13	52	74	1.42		52		104		148		710
March 14	55	75	1.44		17		72		104		836
March 15	58	52	0.90		39		97		87		932
March 16	56	32	0.57		40		96		54		1,002
March 17	95	47	0.49		10		105		51		1,055
Totals		657					1,047		1,080		

Table 2a

Meal Daily Cumulative Catch = X	X^2	Catch Per Hour = Y	XY
710	504,100	1.42	1,008.20
836	698,896	1.44	1,203.84
932	868,624	0.90	838.80
1,002	1,004,004	0.57	571.14
1,055	1,113,025	0.49	516.95

$$\Sigma X = 4,535 \quad \Sigma X^2 = 4,188,649 \quad \Sigma Y = 4.82 \quad \Sigma XY = 4,138.93$$

$$(\Sigma X)^2 = (4,535)^2 = 20,566,225$$

$$(\Sigma X)(\Sigma Y) = (4,535)(4.82) = 21,858.70$$

$$\text{Slope of line} = \frac{(\Sigma X)(\Sigma Y)}{N}$$

$$\Sigma X^2 - \frac{(\Sigma X)^2}{N}$$

$$b = \text{slope} = \frac{4,138.93 - \frac{21,858.70}{5}}{4,188,649 - \frac{20,566,225}{5}} = \frac{4,138.93 - 4,371.60}{4,188,649 - 4,113,245} = \frac{-232.67}{75,404}$$

$$b = -0.0030856$$

In the formula $\bar{Y} = a + bX$ we now have b and can find a by substituting the average values for X and Y in the formula:

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\Sigma X}{N} = \frac{4,535}{5} = 907$$

$$\bar{Y} = \frac{\Sigma Y}{N} = \frac{4.82}{5} = 0.964$$

$$\bar{Y} = a + bX \text{ or } 0.964 = a + (-0.0030856)(907)$$

$$\text{or } 0.964 = -2.7986392 + a$$

$$\text{or } a = 3.76264$$

The equation of the line is: $\bar{Y} = 3.76264 - 0.0030856X$

If we set Y (catch per hour) = 0 (which it theoretically will become only when no more fish are to be caught, then:

$$0 = 3.7626392 - 0.0030856X$$

$$\text{or } X = 1,219$$

Graph 2. Weekday projected catch.

Graph 2. Regression line of catch per hour plotted against cumulative catch

